

The NEC V60 (μ PD70616) was a CISC processor manufactured by NEC introduced in the late 1980s. It had a 32-bit internal bus and a 16-bit external bus with a 24-bit address bus. A relatively obscure design, it was a radical departure from NEC's previous V-series CPUs (such as the NEC V20), most of which were based on the Intel x86 model.

NEC V60 CPU Manual v60 (EN)(1986)(OEM)(Documentation ...

Successor to the VG230, it contained a 32 MHz NEC V30MX processor and IBM PC/AT-compatible core logic with dual PICs, LCD controller (640x480), keyboard matrix scanner, PC Card ExCA 2.1 controller and SIR port. NEC V60: Starting with the V60 processor, NEC departed from the x86 design.

NEC V20 - Wikipedia

A továbbfejlesztett Vadem VG330 egy IBM PC/AT logikájú 32 MHz NEC V30MX processzort, kettős PIC-t, LCD vezérlőt (640x480), billentyűzetmátrix-pásztázót, PC Card ExCA 2.1 vezérlőt és SIR portot tartalmaz. A NEC V60-tól kezdve a NEC elhagyta az x86 architektúrát. Jegyzetek

NEC V20 - Wikipédia

NEC V20, NEC V30, NEC V40, NEC V50: [ITRON 1](#) [16-bit RTOS RX616??](#) [Unix](#), [FreeRTOS](#): [NEC V60](#), [NEC V70](#): [32-bit ITRON](#) [RX-UX832??](#) [Unix](#), [FreeRTOS](#): [NEC V60](#), [NEC V70](#): [32-bit Unix RTOS SafeRTOS](#): [FreeRTOS](#): [FreeRTOS](#): [FreeRTOS](#) ...

[NEC V20 - Wikipedia](#) - [NEC V20 - Wikipedia](#)

Trademark name of 16- and 8-bit microcontroller family manufactured by Renesas Electronics, originally developed by NEC Wikipedia NEC V60 CISC microprocessor once manufactured by NEC started in 1986.

V850 and similar cpus | Frankensaurus.com

The NEC V20 (μ PD70108) was a processor made by NEC that was a reverse-engineered, pin-compatible version of the Intel 8088 with an instruction set compatible with the Intel 80186. The V20 was introduced in 1982, and the V30 debuted in 1983. The chip featured much more than the 29,000 transistors of the simpler 8088 CPU, ran at 5 to 10 MHz and was around 30% faster (application dependent) than ...

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Soviet 16-bit microprocessor, a clone of the Intel 8086 CPU with which it is binary and pin compatible. Developed between 1982 and 1985.

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The history of computing hardware starting at 1960 is marked by the conversion from vacuum tube to solid-state devices such as transistors and then integrated circuit (IC) chips. By 1959, discrete transistors were considered sufficiently reliable and economical that they made further vacuum tube computers uncompetitive. Metal-oxide-semiconductor (MOS) large-scale integration (LSI) technology ...

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